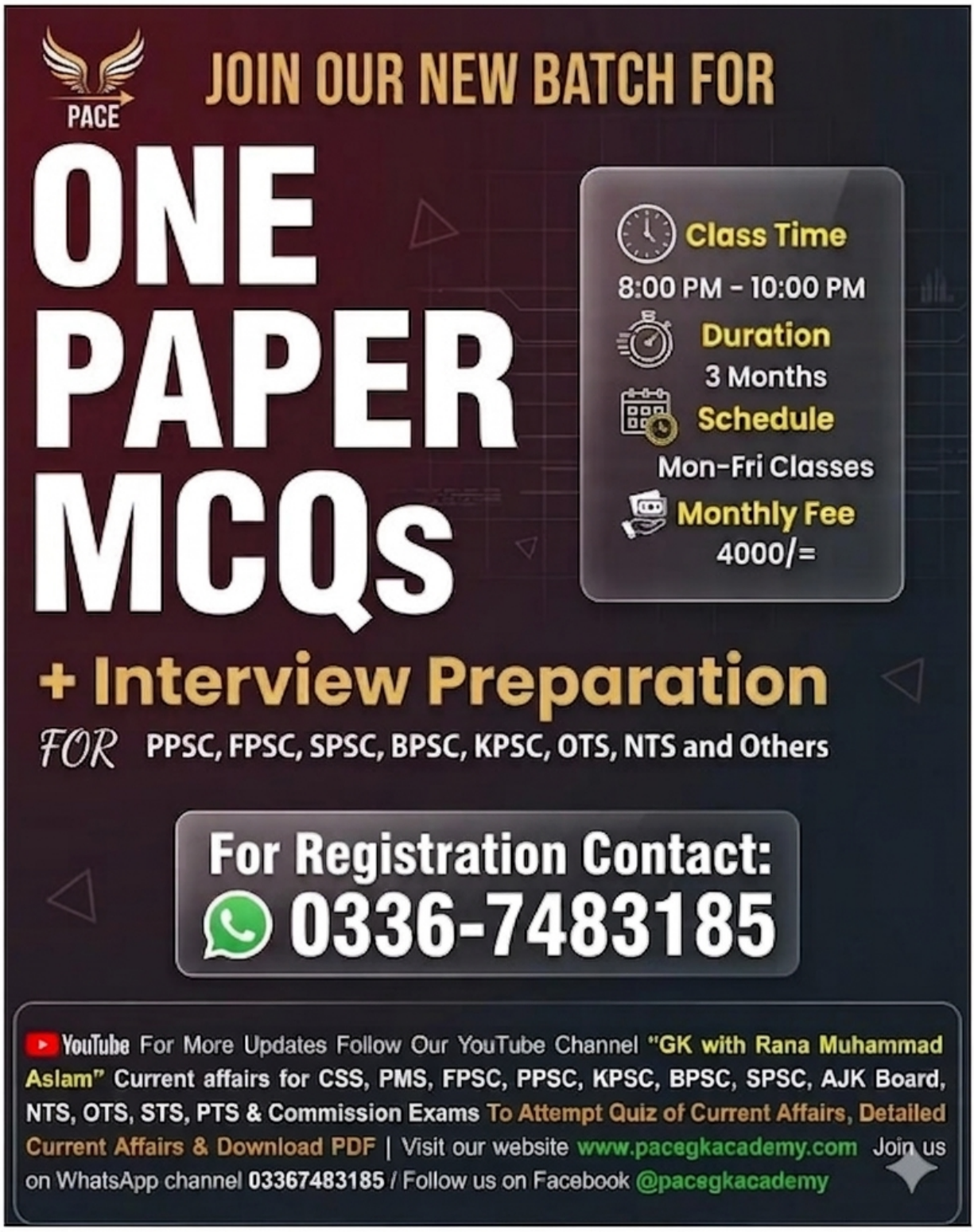
Introduction to Education



Introduction to Education

Q.1: It was decided that primary education upto class five will become universal by 1979 and for girls by 1982 and upto class eight for boys by 1982 and for girls by 1987_____?
A. National Education Commission 1959
B. Educational Conference 1947
C. Third Five Year Plan 1965-70
D. **National Education Policy 1972-80**

Q.2: "No system of education is better than its teachers who serve it", is said in_____?
A. **National Education Commission 1959**
B. Education Conference 1947
C. Third five year plan 1965-1970
D. National Education Policy 1972

Q.3: The common element between Nadva Movement and Jamia Millia Islamia was emphasis on_____?
A. **Modern and religious education**
B. Elimination of differences between Muslims
C. Vocational education
D. Oriental Education

Q.4: Nadva Movement was established to develop and promote_____?
A. Modern education only
B. Religious education only
C. Two Nation Theory
D. **Both religious and modern education**

Q.5: The main purpose of Deoband Movement was to_____?
A. Motivate Muslims for independence
B. **Preserve the islamic identity of Muslims of Sub Continent**
C. Imparting muslims with scientific knowledge
D. Bridging gap between modern and religiou education

Q.6: Field of study directly concerned with teaching learning process and improvement in student learning is_____?
A. Sociology
B. Philosophy
C. Biology
D. **Psychology**

Q.7: Learning theories define learning and explain how learning takes place, hence change in learning theory chages
A. Curriculum
B. **Pedagogy**
C. Contents
D. Objectives

Q.8: Education philosophy which lays emphasis on delivery of standard curriculum through subject centred direct instruction by teacher_____?
A. **Essentialism**
B. Reconstruction
C. Perennialism
D. Progressivism

Q.9: The field of study associated with exploring realities and general principles is called_____?
A. Sociology
B. **Philosophy**
C. Psychology
D. Anthropology

Q.10: The process in which all comamality members learn from each other without poor planning_____?
A. **informal Education**
B. Global Education
C. Operational Education
D. Universal Education

Q.11: Formal and informal types of education are____?
A. Opposite to each other
B. For children only
C. **Supplementary to each other**
D. Compulsory for all

Q.12: Planned and systematic effort by an organization to provide an individual of any age a second chance of education is_____?
A. Informal Education
B. Post Formal Education
C. Formal Education
D. **Non-formal Education**

Q.13: Indian education commission was established under headship of_____?
A. Lord Maculay
B. Sir William Hunter
C. **Sir Chasles Wood**
D. Sir Thomas

Q.14: Indian education commission was established in_____?
A. 1887
B. 1892
C. **1882**
D. 1890

Q.15: Punjab university was established in_____?
A. 1906
B. 1890
C. 1880
D. **1887**

Q.16: Dispatch in 1857, three universities enablished weretal_____?
A. Bombay, Lahore, Madras
B. **Bombay, Calcata, Madras**
C. Madras, Calcate, Lahore
D. Bombay, Calcata, Labore

Q.17: Charles Wood Despatch was presented in_____?
A. **1854**
B. 1870
C. 1833
D. 1857

Q.18: According to Lord Macaulay one purpose of education was_____?
A. **To produce clerks**
B. Physical development
C. To develop moral values
D. Intellectual development

Q.19: Which is not the characteristic of Lord Macaulay Report_____?
A. Proliferation of western and scientific knowledge
B. **Revival of eastern knowledge**
C. English as medium of instruction
D. All of the above

Q.20: Lord Macaulay Bentick Resolution was passed in_____?
A. 1833
B. 1838
C. 1830
D. **1835**

Q.21: East India Company could not implement Charter Ac for
A. 7 years
B. 15 years
C. 5 years
D. **10 years**

Q.22: The charter Act of East India Company was renewed in_____?
A. 1820
B. **1833**
C. 1815
D. 1830

Q.23: The medium of instruction for promotion of scientific knowledge according to charter Act will be_____?
A. Hindi
B. **English**
C. Sansikrit
D. Urdu

Q.24: The objective of education according to charter act was_____?
A. Preaching Hinduism
B. **Preaching Chirstianity,**
C. Islamic education
D. Technical education

Q.25: The amount set apart by East India Company for educational purpose will be Rs._____?
A. **100000**
B. 50000
C. 200000
D. 150000

Q.26: According to Charter Act 1813, education is the responsibility of_____?
A. **East India Company**
B. Local government
C. Governor
D. Madarus

Q.27: Charter Act was presented in_____?
A. 1806
B. 1820
C. 1800
D. **1813**

Q.28: The focus of National Education Policy 1978 was on_____?
A. Ideology of Pakistan
B. Islamic values
C. **Both a and b**
D. None of a and b

Q.29: Open University was established under the policy_____?
A. 1970
B. 1978
C. 1050
D. **1972**

Q.30: Under National Education Policy 1972, free education was recommended upto class___?
A. 12
B. 5
C. 8
D. **10**

Q.31: Private educational institutions were nationalized under_____?
A. National Education Policy 1970
B. **National Educational Commission 1959**
C. National Education Policy 1978
D. National Education Policy 1972

Q.32: National Education Policy 1972 was headed by_____?
A. S. M. Sharif
B. **Abdul Hafeez Pirzada**
C. Fazal ur Rehman
D. Noor Khan

Q.33: National Education Policy 1970 was headed by_____?
A. S. M. Sharif
B. Abdul Rub Nishtas
C. Fazal ur Rehman
D. **Noor khan**

Q.34: Text Book Floard was recommended to establish under_____?
A. **National Education Commission 1959**
B. National Education Policy 1972
C. Education conference 1947
D. National Education Policy 1970

Q.35: Objectives of education under Nanonal Education Commission 1959 wers_____?
A. Ideology of Pakistan
B. Spiritual values
C. Development of individuality
D. **All of the above**

Q.36: National Education Commission 1959 was established under the headship of___?
A. **S. M. Sharif**
B. Abdul Rub Nishtar
C. Fazal ur Rehman
D. Liaqat Ali Khan

Q.37: Council of Technical Education was recommended to establish under_____?
A. National Education Commission 1959
B. National Education Policy 1972
C. **Education Conference 1947**
D. National Education Policy 1970

Q.38: According to the recommendations of Indian Education Commission, govt, took the responsibility of_____?
A. Secondary education
B. **Primary education**
C. Higher education
D. Religeous education

Q.39: Objective of education under education conference 1947 were_____?
A. Economic development
B. Character formation
C. Conformity with Ideology of life
D. **All above**

Q.40: Education conference 1947 was presided by_____?
A. **Fazal-ur-Rehman**
B. Quaid-e-Azam
C. Abdul Rub Nishtar
D. Lisqat Ali Khan

Q.41: Education conference 1947 was held at_____?
A. **Karachi**
B. Lahore
C. Quetta
D. Peshawar

Q.42: The first adminstrator of Nadva-Tul-Ulema was_____?
A. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
B. Molana M. Ali Johar
C. Molana Shibli Nomani
D. **Molana M. Ali Mangheri**

Q.43: Nadua-Tul-Ulema was established on the initiative of_____?
A. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
B. Molana M. Ali Johar
C. **Molana Shibli Nomani**
D. Molana M. Ali Mangheri

Q.44: Nadva-Tul-Ulema was established at_____?
A. Aligarh
B. Deoband
C. Dehli
D. **Lucknow**

Q.45: Nadva-Tul-Ulema was established on_____?
A. **1894**
B. 1884
C. 1900
D. 1998

Q.46: The founder of Anjman Hamayat-e-Islam was_____?
A. **Caliph Hamid-ud-Din**
B. Molana Shibli Nomani
C. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
D. Sir Allama Muhammad Iqbal

Q.47: Anjman Himayat-e-Islam was established on_____?
A. **1887**
B. 1857
C. 1895
D. 1875

Q.48: Anjman Himayat-e-Islam was established in_____?
A. Lukhnow
B. Calcuta
C. **Lahore**
D. Dehli

Q.49: Jamia Millia emphasized on_____?
A. Science education
B. **Both a and c**
C. Religious education
D. None of a and c

Q.50: Jamia Millia could not became popular among Muslims me to its opposition to_____?
A. British
B. Hindus
C. Tehrik-e-khilafat
D. **Two nation theory**

Q.51: In Jamia Millia, the translation of Holy Quran was taught as_____?
A. **Stage 1**
B. Stage 2
C. Stage 3
D. Stage 4

Q.52: In Jamia Millia, the medium of instruction was_____?
A. Arabic
B. **Urdu**
C. English
D. Son

Q.53: Jamia Millia Islamia ws established by_____?
A. Moulana Shoukat Ali Johar
B. Hakeem Ajmal Khan
C. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
D. **Moulana M. Ali Johar**

Q.54: Jamia Millia Islamia was established on_____?
A. 1940
B. 1900
C. 1210
D. **1930**

Q.55: Which one was not among the purposes of Aligar movement_____?
A. To prepose Muslims to learn English
B. **To prepare Muslims against Hindus**
C. To reduce hatred of British
D. To prepare Muslims to learn science

Q.56: The major objective of Aligarh Movement was to promote_____?
A. Hatred for Hindus
B. Literacy
C. Education
D. **Scientific look**

Q.57: The major impact of the Aligarh Movement was_____?
A. Teaching of English
B. Religious activities
C. **Political training**
D. Social activities

Q.58: M.A.O college was elevated to Aligarh University in_____
A. 1931
B. 1891
C. 1911
D. **1921**

Q.59: Scientific society was established by_____?
A. Shibli Nomani
B. Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar
C. Sir Allama Iqbal
D. **Sir Syed Ahmad Khan**

Q.60: Scientific society was established in_____?
A. 1875
B. 1887
C. **1864**
D. 1877

Q.61: M.A.O High school was given the rank of college in____?
A. 1875
B. **1877**
C. 1864
D. 1887

Q.62: M.A O High school was established in_____?
A. 1865
B. 1885.
C. 1857
D. **1875**

Q.63: The Deoband movement ignored_____?
A. Philosophy
B. Religion
C. **Science**
D. Logic

Q.64: The salient feature of Deoband movement was_____?
A. Proliferation of science
B. English system of education
C. Literature
D. **Revival of religious spirit**

Q.65: The Deoband was established in_____?
A. 1885
B. 1906
C. 1857
D. **1867**

Q.66: The Ulma of Deobond played a vital role in_____?
A. **Struggle for independence**
B. Science education
C. Spreading English cultures
D. Awarding scholarship

Q.67: The Deoband movement used curriculum revision as_____?
A. Need
B. **Motive**
C. Improvement
D. Agreement

Q.68: The Deoband academy was totally_____?
A. Government
B. Semi-government
C. Personal
D. **Non-government**

Q.69: The first head of the Deoband was_____?
A. **Maulana M. Yaqub Nanautwi**
B. Shabir Ahmand Usmani
C. Maulana Shah Wali-ullah
D. Maulana Mehmood ul Haasan

Q.70: Being the science of wisdom, philosophy aims at_____?
A. **Search for reality**
B. search for probability
C. Search for activity
D. search for utility

Q.71: Expected life outcomes from education are reffered as_____?
A. **Aims**
B. Learning
C. Evaluation
D. Pedagogy

Q.72: Word philosophy is derived from_____?
A. **Phila & Sophia**
B. Neo & Latvia
C. Alpha & Amphia
D. Sila & Sophia

Q.73: Every system of education is based on____?
A. Social development
B. **Ideology of nation**
C. Skill development
D. Intellectual development

Q.74: To seek truth and reality is the subject of_____?
A. Values
B. **Psychology**
C. Education
D. Philosophy

Q.75: An important question of philosophy is_____?
A. What is curriculum?
B. What is education?
C. **What is universe?**
D. What is curiosity?

Q.76: "Philosophy and education are two sides of a coin according to_____?
A. **Ross**
B. Kant
C. John Dewey
D. James

Q.77: The application of philosophy in education may be_____?
A. **Selection of objectives**
B. Selection of evaluation procedures
C. Selection of contents
D. Selection of methods

Q.78: Sociological aims of education includes_____?
A. Dutifulness
B. Skills
C. Cultural growth
D. **All above**

Q.79: The objective of education comes from_____?
A. Psychology
B. Sociology
C. **Philosophy**
D. Curriculum

Q.80: Perennialism is an educational philosophy of_____?
A. **Old values**
B. Old'and new values
C. New values
D. Future values

Q.81: According to which philosophy, "Permanence is more 52. real than change"_____?
A. Essentialism
B. Reconstructionism
C. Perennialism
D. **Progressivism**

Q.82: "Education is life itself, not a preparation for life". according to_____?
A. **Progressivism**
B. Reconstructionism
C. Perennialism
D. Essentialism

Q.83: Essentialist philosophy of education is_____?
A. Child centered
B. society centered
C. **Content and teacher centered**
D. Neod centered

Q.84: Essentialists would get their aim of education from_____?
A. Great Books
B. **Traditions**
C. student
D. religion

Q.85: Learning should be directly related to the interest of th child according to_____?
A. **Progressivism**
B. Perennialism
C. Essentialism
D. Reconstructionism

Q.86: The curriculum will be "Child centered" if teacher is_____?
A. Perennialist
B. **Progressivist**
C. Essentialist
D. Realist

Q.87: Progressivist teacher put more emphasis on_____?
A. **Practical education**
B. Methods
C. Abstract ideas
D. Theoretical concept

Q.88: Ethics and aesthetics are components of_____?
A. Ontology
B. **Axiology**
C. Epistemology
D. Cosmology

Q.89: According to which experimental knowledge is real_____?
A. Essentialism
B. Reconstructionism
C. Perennialism
D. **Progressivism**

Q.90: "Human nature remains the same every where hence education should be same for every one" is the philosophy of_____?
A. Essentialism
B. Reconstructionism
C. **Perennialism**
D. Progressivism

Q.91: Essentialists stress on_____?
A. Change
B. **Mental discipline**
C. Reduced knowledge
D. Innovation

Q.92: School should be run on democratic lines is held by_____?
A. **Progressivism**
B. Essentialism
C. Reconstructionism
D. Perennialism

Q.93: Who is not among major exponent of perennialism_____?
A. Adler
B. **John Dewey**
C. Bentock
D. Hutchins

Q.94: Study of great books is at the core of_____?
A. Progressivism
B. Reconstructionism
C. **Perennialism**
D. Essentialism

Q.95: "Reforms are necessary in all walks of life" is focused in_____?
A. Essentialism
B. Perennialism
C. **Reconstructionism**
D. Progressivism

Q.96: Life is continuous changing process" is the base of_____?
A. Essentialism
B. Reconstructionism
C. Perennialism
D. **Progressivism**

Q.97: "Useful culture and skill" is emphasized in_____?
A. Progressivism
B. **Essentialism**
C. Reconstructionism
D. Perennialism

Q.98: "Everlasting reality" is focused in_____?
A. Essentialism
B. Progressivism
C. **Perennialism**
D. Reconstructionism

Q.99: Eclecticism means borrowing beliefs from_____?
A. Two philosophies
B. Three philosophy
C. One philosophy
D. **Different philosophies**

Q.100: Metaphysics deals with the nature of_____?
A. Knowledge
B. Universe
C. **Reality**
D. Values

Q.101: Ontology is also called as_____?
A. Axiology
B. Morphology
C. **Metaphysics**
D. Epistemology

Q.102: Ontology deals with_____?
A. **Reality**
B. Values
C. Culture
D. Knowledge

Q.103: Epistemology deals with_____?
A. Reality
B. Values
C. Culture
D. **Knowledge**

Q.104: Axiology in philosophy deals with_____?
A. Reality
B. Culture
C. Knowledge
D. **Values**

Q.105: The literal meaning of philosophy is_____?
A. Love of truth
B. **Love of wisdom**
C. Love of knowledge
D. Love of values

Q.106: In educational process which one is evaluated_____?
A. Contents
B. Methods
C. Aim
D. **All of the above**

Q.107: To determine the value or worth of any thing is_____?
A. Content
B. Aim
C. **Evaluation**
D. Method

Q.108: Pedagogy is concerned with___?
A. Contents
B. Evaluation
C. Aims
D. **Teaching Methods**

Q.109: The sum of curricular and co-curricular activities is_____?
A. **Curriculum**
B. Aim
C. Summative evaluation
D. Pedagogy

Q.110: Which is not the element of educational process?
A. Curriculum
B. **Motivation**
C. Aims
D. Evaluation

Q.111: Formal education has well defined___?
A. **System**
B. Approach
C. Curriculum
D. Method

Q.112: Informal education is_____?
A. **Incidental**
B. Arranged
C. Planned
D. Systematic

Q.113: Which one is not the source of formal education_____?
A. Museum
B. Library
C. School
D. **Home**

Q.114: What is t elemthe most importanent of non-formal education_____?
A. Student
B. School
C. Teacher
D. **Media**

Q.115: Informal education is_____?
A. Time bound
B. Just schooling
C. Preplanned
D. **Life long**

Q.116: Education is not pre planned in_____?
A. **Informal education**
B. Formal education
C. Non-formal education
D. both a and c

Q.117: Education is imparted mostly by correspondence in___?
A. Informal education
B. **Non formal education Technical education**
C. Formal education
D. Technical education

Q.118: The education confined to educational institution is_____?
A. Non-formal education
B. Learning
C. Informal education
D. **Formal education**

Q.119: Informal education has_____?
A. Rigid rules of entery and exit
B. Flexible rules of entery and exit
C. Few rules of entery and exit
D. **No rules of entery and exit**

Q.120: Formal education has_____?
A. **Rigid rules of entery and exit**
B. Few rules of entry and exit
C. Flexible rules of entery and exit
D. No rules of entery and exit

Q.121: Non-formal education has_____?
A. Rigid rules of entery and exit
B. No rules of entery and exit
C. **Flexible rules of entery and exit**
D. Few rules of entery and exit

Q.122: Education planned with a particular end in view is___?
A. Informal education
B. **Formal education**
C. None of a & b
D. Both a& b

Q.123: The real goal of education should be_____?
A. Training to make a living
B. Securing a certificate
C. Mastery of subject matter
D. **Acquiring skills, habits and knowledge**

Q.124: Determining the aim of education is the responsibility of_____?
A. teachers
B. Students
C. Parents
D. **Society**

Q.125: According to crow and crow, the purpose of formal education is to_____?
A. **Make students active and constructive members of society**
B. Create good name for the nation
C. Make students more intelligent
D. Form definite opinions in the mind of students

Q.126: The basic source of educational objectives is_____?
A. Schools
B. **Human experience**
C. Professional organization
D. Educational psychology

Q.127: Which of the following is not the characteristic of education_____?
A. **Factual absorption**
B. Life long activity
C. Experiences of life
D. Formal and informal activities

Q.128: Education according to John Dewey is_____?
A. Schooling
B. **Learning to do by doing**
C. Preparation for life
D. Getting knowledge

Q.129: The best definition of education is that it is
A. Learning
B. Preparation for life
C. **Growth resulting from experiences**
D. Getting knowledge

Q.130: "Education is the creation of a sound mind in a sound body" is the saying of
A. Comenius
B. Plato
C. Dewey
D. **Aristotle**

Q.131: Educere means_____?
A. To guide
B. To help
C. **To draw out**
D. To point out

Q.132: Education is derived from a latin word_____?
A. Learning
B. Educate
C. **Educere**
D. Evolution

Introduction to Education (Answer Key)

1. **D**	2. **A**	3. **A**	4. **D**	5. **B**	6. **D**	7. **B**	8. **A**	9. **B**	10. **A**
11. **C**	12. **D**	13. **C**	14. **C**	15. **D**	16. **B**	17. **A**	18. **A**	19. **B**	20. **D**
21. **D**	22. **B**	23. **B**	24. **B**	25. **A**	26. **A**	27. **D**	28. **C**	29. **D**	30. **D**
31. **B**	32. **B**	33. **D**	34. **A**	35. **D**	36. **A**	37. **C**	38. **B**	39. **D**	40. **A**
41. **A**	42. **D**	43. **C**	44. **D**	45. **A**	46. **A**	47. **A**	48. **C**	49. **B**	50. **D**
51. **A**	52. **B**	53. **D**	54. **D**	55. **B**	56. **D**	57. **C**	58. **D**	59. **D**	60. **C**
61. **B**	62. **D**	63. **C**	64. **D**	65. **D**	66. **A**	67. **B**	68. **D**	69. **A**	70. **A**
71. **A**	72. **A**	73. **B**	74. **B**	75. **C**	76. **A**	77. **A**	78. **D**	79. **C**	80. **A**
81. **D**	82. **A**	83. **C**	84. **B**	85. **A**	86. **B**	87. **A**	88. **B**	89. **D**	90. **C**
91. **B**	92. **A**	93. **B**	94. **C**	95. **C**	96. **D**	97. **B**	98. **C**	99. **D**	100. **C**
101. **C**	102. **A**	103. **D**	104. **D**	105. **B**	106. **D**	107. **C**	108. **D**	109. **A**	110. **B**
111. **A**	112. **A**	113. **D**	114. **D**	115. **D**	116. **A**	117. **B**	118. **D**	119. **D**	120. **A**
121. **C**	122. **B**	123. **D**	124. **D**	125. **A**	126. **B**	127. **A**	128. **B**	129. **C**	130. **D**
131. **C**	132. **C**								